MANITOBA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2025



CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Executive Council of Manitoba Association of Health Care Professionals:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Manitoba Association of Health Care Professionals (the Association), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at June 30, 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Restated Comparative Information

We draw attention to Note 9 to the financial statements, which explains that certain comparative information presented for the year ended June 30, 2024 has been restated. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Scarrow & Donald LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants September 17, 2025 Winnipeg, Canada

MANITOBA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		June 30			
	_	2025		2024	
				(as restated)	
ASSETS					
Current assets: Cash (Note 3) Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	1,537,907 118,240 29,048 1,685,195	\$	383,152 302,212 44,216 729,580	
Restricted investments (Note 4)		5,321,296		5,117,234	
Capital assets (Note 5)	_	286,935	-	300,408	
	\$ <u>-</u>	7,293,426	\$	6,147,222	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	446,194	\$	408,299	
Accrued pre-retirement obligation (Note 6(ii))		166,100		160,800	
Accrued post-employment benefits obligation (Note 6(iii))	_	351,000	_	327,000	
	_	963,294	_	896,099	
Net assets:					
Unrestricted Invested in capital assets Internally restricted for defense fund (Note 4) Internally restricted for reserve fund (Note 4)	_	721,901 286,935 4,600,146 721,150	-	(166,669) 300,558 4,458,189 659,045	
	_	6,330,132	_	5,251,123	
	\$_	7,293,426	\$.	6,147,222	

APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL:

	Director
	Director

MANITOBA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Year ended June 30			
		2025	2024	
			(as restated)	
Revenues:				
Membership dues	\$	7,435,156 \$	8,080,226	
Investment income		212,961	218,310	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		500	150	
Other	_	2,480	105_	
	_	7,651,097	8,298,791	
Expenses:				
Advertising		356,795	307,471	
Amortization		41,460	44,398	
Bank fees		958	987	
Computer		137,734	102,022	
Donations		6,444	15,483	
Education and other		45,291	56,586	
Employee pre-retirement benefits (recovery)		29,500	(13,119)	
Employee post employment benefits		47,000	30,000	
Grievance investigator		52,564	4,390	
Honoraria		32,583	33,145	
Insurance		17,585	16,485	
Meetings		397,047	535,794	
Membership dues		352,487	284,277	
Negotiations and travel		250,507	164,487	
Office equipment		144,480	121,166	
Occupancy		209,486	209,077	
Payroll tax		43,957	37,980	
Printing, postage and stationary		9,147	31,053	
Professional fees		117,715	359,380	
Salaries, wages and benefits		4,250,873	4,041,434	
Telephone	_	28,475	31,598	
	_	6,572,088	6,414,094	
Difference between revenues and expenses	\$_	1,079,009 \$	1,884,697	

MANITOBA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

				2025					2024
	_	Unrestricted	Invested in Capital Assets	Internally Restricted for Defense Fund (Note 4)	-	Internally Restricted for Reserve Fund (Note 4)	Total	_	(as restated) Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$	(166,669) \$	300,558	\$ 4,458,189	\$	659,045 \$	5,251,123	\$	3,366,426
Difference between revenues and expenses		916,057	(41,110)	141,957		62,105	1,079,009		1,884,697
Purchase of capital assests		(27,987)	27,987	-		-	-		-
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	_	500_	(500)		-	<u> </u>	 	_	
Balance, end of year	\$_	721,901 \$	286,935	\$ 4,600,146	\$	721,150 \$	 6,330,132	\$_	5,251,123

MANITOBA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	_	Year ended June 30		
		2025	2024	
Cash flow from operating activities:				
Cash receipts from members and other	\$	7,621,608	7,994,585	
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(6,448,265)	(6,548,099)	
Investment income		259,858	62,434	
		1,433,201	1,508,920	
Cash flow from investing activites:				
Purchase of capital assets		(27,987)	(229,260)	
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets		500	150	
Change in restricted investments		(250,959)	(1,543,894)	
	-	(278,446)	(1,773,004)	
Net change in cash for the year		1,154,755	(264,084)	
Cash, beginning of year		383,152	647,236	
Cash, end of year	\$	1,537,907	383,152	

MANITOBA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

1. Nature and purpose of organization:

The Manitoba Association of Health Care Professionals ("Association") is dedicated to protecting, advocating for and advancing the rights of its members in Manitoba through labour relation activities. The Association acts as a collective bargaining agent on behalf of certified bargaining units comprised of eligible employees in the health care field.

The Association is unincorporated and is exempt from income taxes under Section 149 of *The Income Tax Act*.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. An assumption underlying the preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations is that the entity will continue for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge liabilities in the normal course of operations.

The financial statements include the following significant accounting policies:

a) Critical accounting estimates and judgments-

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period.

Accounting estimates are included in financial statements to approximate the effect of past business transactions or events, or to approximate the present status of an asset or liability. It is possible that changes in future economic conditions could require changes in the recognized amounts for accounting estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in the period in which they became known.

Significant areas of estimation by management include the impairment of non-financial assets, the useful lives of capital assets and the fair value of financial instruments.

Management bases their judgments, estimates and assumptions on factors they believe to be reasonable in the circumstances, but which may be inherently uncertain and unpredictable.

b) Financial instruments-

Except for certain related party transactions, financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, financing fees and transaction costs that are directly attributable to its origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption. Transaction costs related to financial instruments that will be measured subsequently at fair value are recognized in net income for the period incurred.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

b) Financial instruments (continued)-

In subsequent periods, investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market and certain derivative contracts are measured at fair value without any adjustment for transaction costs that may incur on sale or other disposal. The Association may elect to measure any financial instrument at fair value when the asset or liability is first recognized or for equity instruments that previously measured at fair value when the equity instrument ceases to be quoted in an active market. Other investments in equity instruments are measured at cost less any reduction for impairments. All other financial instruments are measured at amortized cost. Amortized cost is the amount at which the financial instrument is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment. The Association measures all financial instruments at amortized cost.

The Association assesses impairment of all its financial assets, except those measured at fair value. Management considers whether there has been a breach in contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest of principal payments in determining whether objective evidence of impairment exists. Impairment is included in current earnings.

c) Employee pre-retirement benefits-

The cost of the Association's employee pre-retirement benefits is accrued as earned based on an actuarial estimation. The estimation of the employee future pre-retirement benefits payable is performed as at June 30 of each year using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service. Current service and finance costs are expensed during the year. Remeasurements are recognized directly in the statement of changes in net assets as a separately identified line item.

d) Employee post-retirement benefits-

The Association has post-retirement health benefit plan for its employees. The Association recognizes the amount of the accrued obligation in the statement of financial position effective on the measurement date which is June 30 of each year. Current service and finance costs are expensed during the year. Remeasurements and other items which represent the total of actuarial gains and losses and past service costs, are recognized directly in the statement of changes in net assets as a separately identified line item.

The cost of pensions earned by employees is determined using the most recently completed funding going concern valuation. The assumptions used concern a number of future conditions, including economic and demographic assumptions.

e) Capital assets-

Capital assets are recorded at cost and amortized over their estimated useful lives, except for contributed assets which are recorded at fair market value at the date of contribution plus all costs directly attributable to the acquisition. This requires estimation of the useful life of the asset and its salvage and residual value. When conditions indicate a capital asset is impaired, the excess of its net carrying amount over the asset's fair value or replacement cost is recognized as an expense. As is true for all accounting estimates, it is possible that changes in future conditions could require changes in the recognized amounts for accounting estimates.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

f) Capital assets (continued)-

Capital assets are amortized over the estimated useful life of the asset using the straight-line method as follows:

Computer equipment 3 years
Equipment 5 years
Leasehold improvements 10 years

g) Revenue recognition-

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses occur. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Membership dues and other are recognized in the period to which they relate.

3. Cash:

The Association has an authorized line of credit of \$100,000 (2024 - \$100,000), bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% with effective rate of 7.45% (2024 - prime plus 0.5% with effective rate of 7.45%). The line of credit is secured by an assignment of deposits and a general security agreement and is subject to annual renewal by the lender. The line of credit was unutilized as at June 30, 2025 and 2024.

4. Net assets internally restricted for defense fund & internally restricted for reserve fund:

The Executive Council has established a defense fund to fund defense of the Association as approved by the Executive Council and a reserve fund to fund unexpected future financial expenditures of the Association as approved by the Executive Council. These internally restricted amounts are not available for other purposes without approval of the Executive Council.

The Association holds restricted investments in a distinct account and investment income earned is transferred to the internally restricted net assets. As at June 30, 2025 the restricted investments consist of high rate saving accounts of \$471,865 (2024 - \$461,358) and guaranteed investment certificates of \$4,849,431 (2024 - \$4,655,876). The high rate savings accounts have interest rates from 1.45% to 1.65% (2024 - 3.15% to 3.35%). The guaranteed investment certificates bear interest rates of 3.55%, maturing from November 6, 2025 to November 8, 2025 (2024 - 5.00% to 5.50%, maturing from November 6, 2024 to November 8, 2024). Restricted investments include \$108,979 (2024 - \$155,876) of accrued interest.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, \$nil was transferred to the defense fund from unrestricted net assets (2024 - \$690,000 transferred to the defense fund from unrestricted net assets). During the year ended June 30, 2025, \$nil was transferred to the reserve fund from unrestricted net assets (2024 - \$400,000 transferred from the reserve fund to unrestricted net assets).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

5. Capital assets:

	June 30							
		2	025			20)24	
		Cost	_	cumulated nortization		Cost	_	cumulated nortization
Computer equipment Equipment Leasehold improvements	\$	217,036 255,018 416,513	\$	199,835 215,780 186,017	\$	206,508 238,060 416,512	\$ 	178,972 210,677 171,023
	\$_	888,567	\$	601,632	\$ <u></u>	861,080	\$	560,672
Net book value		\$	286,93	<u>5</u>		\$	300,40	8_

6. Employee future benefits:

(i) Defined contribution pension plan-

Substantially all of the employees of the Association participate in the Unifor Multi-Employer Pension Plan (the Plan), which is a multi-employer defined contribution pension plan. The contributions are held in trust by the plan administrator and are not presented as assets or liabilities in these financial statements. The Association matches employee contributions at a rate of 18% of the employee's salary.

Contributions to the Plan made during the year by the Association on behalf of its employees amounted to \$529,552 (2024 - \$550,500) and are included in salaries and benefits expenses in the statement of operations. The Association has no contingent liability or obligation for future contributions to fund future benefits to plan members.

(ii) Accrued pre-retirement obligation-

The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as at June 30, 2025. The Association's contractual commitment for the pre-retirement entitlement is five days of salary per year of service to employees under the collective bargaining agreement with the Unifor Local 191 upon retirement. This plan is unfunded and the assumptions adopted in measuring the obligation include economic and demographic factors. As at June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Association's unfunded pre-retirement obligation is as follows:

	June 30			0
		2025		2024
Accrued pre-retirement obligation, beginning of year	\$	160,800	\$	173,919
Current service cost		13,700		(13,119)
Interest cost		15,800		-
Benefit payments		(24,200)	. <u> </u>	
Accrued pre-retirement obligation, end of year	\$_	166,100	\$_	160,800

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

6. Employee future benefits (continued):

(iii) Post-employment benefits obligation-

The most recent actuarial valuation was completed as at June 30, 2025. Employees enrolled in the extended health benefit plan provided by the Association who retire from the Association and commence drawing a pension benefit from Unifor Multi-Employer Pension Plan shall be entitled to the agreed to retiree dental, extended health and/or Vision Care benefit including spousal coverage, subject to specific conditions. This plan is unfunded and the assumptions adopted in measuring the obligation include economic and demographic factors. As at June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Association's unfunded post-employment benefits obligation is as follows:

		June 30		
		2025		2024
Accrued pre-retirement obligation, beginning of year	\$	327,000	\$	308,000
Current service cost		31,000		30,000
Interest cost		16,000		-
Benefit payments	_	(23,000)	_	(11,000)
Accrued pre-retirement obligation, end of year	\$_	351,000	\$_	327,000

7. Lease commitments:

The Association has an operating lease for its premises with annual payments of \$169,564 expiring in January 2030. The Association also has operating leases for equipment expiring from August 2025 to October 2029 (2024 - November 2024 to October 2028).

The minimum annual lease payments are as follows:

2026	\$ 204,267
2027	203,013
2028	203,013
2029	188,725
2030	106,924

8. Risk management:

Management's risk management policies are typically performed as a part of the overall management of Association's operations. Management is aware of risks related to these objectives through direct personal involvement with employees and outside parties. In the normal course of its business, the Association is exposed to a number of risks that can affect its operating performance. Management's close involvement in operations helps identify risks and variations from expectations. As a part of the overall operation of the Association, management considers the avoidance of undue concentrations of risk. These risks and the actions taken to manage them include the following:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

8. Risk management (continued):

Liquidity risk-

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association cannot meet its financial obligations associated with financial liabilities in full. The Association's main sources of liquidity are its operations and external contributions. The funds are primarily used to finance working capital and capital expenditure requirements and are adequate to meet the Association's financial obligations associated with financial liabilities.

Credit risk-

Credit risk arises from the possibility that debtors may be unable to fulfill their commitments. For a financial asset, this is typically the gross carrying amount, net of any amounts offset and any impairment losses. The Association has credit policies to address credit risk on accounts receivable, which may include the analysis of the financial position of the debtor and review of credit limits. The Association also may review credit history before establishing credit and review credit performance. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded for accounts receivable for 2025 or 2024.

Interest rate risk-

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates may have an effect on the cash flows associated with some financial instruments, known as interest rate cash flow risk, or on the fair value of other financial instruments, known as interest rate price risk. Obtaining restricted investments with short-term variable interest rates minimizes price risk.

9. Restated comparative information:

An actuarial valuation of the accrued pre-retirement obligation and accrued post-employment obligation was performed for June 30, 2025 and 2024. As a result, a prior period adjustment has been made to the financial statements. The following accounts were restated:

	_	Previous	 Adjustment	Restated
Statement of financial position:				
Accrued pre-retirement obligations	\$	321,628	\$ (160,828) \$	160,800
Accrued post-employment benefits obligations		-	327,000	327,000
Unrestricted net assets		(497)	(166, 172)	(166,669)
Statement of operations:				
Employee post employment benefits	\$	-	\$ 30,000 \$	30,000
Salaries, wages and benefits		4,052,434	(11,000)	4,041,434
Statement of changes in net assets:				
Unrestricted net assets, beginning of year	\$	(19,412)	\$ (147,172) \$	(166,584)
Unrestricted net assets, end of year		(497)	(166, 172)	(166,669)